

Transnational Social Spaces - Syllabus

Department	Department of Sociology					Yea	ar	2024/ 2025				
Course	Transnational S			Social Spaces			ECTS			5		
Study programme	Graduate programme in Sociology											
Level of study programme	□ Unde	rgradı	ıate	☐ Integrated				□ Postgraduate				
Type of study programme	☐ Single major ☐ Double major			⊠ University			☐ Professional			Specializ		
Year of study	□1			□ 2			□ 3		\boxtimes \angle	, +	⊠ 5	
Semester	□ Winter											□ V
	⊠ Summer			□VI				VIII				□ Λ
Status of the course	□ Compulsory			⊠ Elective						Teaching Competencies		□ YES ⋈ NO
Workload	30	L	15	s		E	Internet so	ources	for e	for e-learnir		□ YES ⋈ NO
Location and time of instruction	Room 009 Wednesdays 15:00-18:00						guage(s) in which ne course is taught Englis			sh		
Course start date	2 October 2024					Course end date 22 Jan			uary 2025			
Enrolment requirements												
Course coordinator	Prof.	Saša l	Božić									
E-mail	sbozic@unizd.hr							Consultation hours			Wednesdays 18:00-19:30 (by appointment) Room 110	
Course instructor												
E-mail						Consultation hours						
Assistant/ Associate												
E-mail						Consultation hours						
Assistant/ Associate												
E-mail					Consultation hours			tion				
								1				
Mode of		ctures		⊠ Seminars and workshops			□ Exercises		□ E-learning			⊠ Field work
teaching	☐ Individual ☐ Multimedia and network ☐ Laboratory				□ Mentoring			□ Other				



Learning outco	mes	After successful completion of the course the students will be able						
		to:						
		Recognise and to become aware of the bias of						
		'methodological nationalism' in contemporary social						
		sciences.						
		Understand the foundation of new social ties across the						
		boundaries of na	tion-states.					
		Identify and apply appropriate theories and concepts of						
		transnational social space on specific empirical cases.						
		 Use the of 	concept of transnation	nal so	cial space as aı	1		
		alternative concept to contemporary sociological theories						
		in personal work and research.						
		Write an essay in form of a scientific article.						
Learning outco	mes at the	- Identify	and describe complex	x socia	al phenomena.			
Programme lev			suitability of theoret					
			hes to researching so					
			itable theoretical and		ıodological app	proach to		
		researching social phenomena.						
		- Prepare a research article.						
		 Connect new knowledge with previously acquired knowledge and experience. 						
		Miowica	ge and experience.					
	⊠ Class	□ Preparation			Continuous	\boxtimes		
_	attendance	for class	□ Homework		evaluation	Research		
Assessment	□ Dractical work	☐ Experimental	□ Procentation		☑ Project			
criteria	⊠ Practical work	work	☐ Presentation		⊠ Project	Seminar		
	☐ Test(s)	☐ Written exam	□ Oral exam		⊠ Other: ess	say		
Conditions	Dogulou ett on den	f l	cominana Cturdonto a		:			
for		nce of lectures and seminars. Students are obliged to prepare an essay cientific article based on their research during the semester.						
permission to take the exam	III the form of a se	cientine afticle da	sed on their research	aum	g the semester	•		
Exam periods	□ Wi	inter	⊠ Summer		⊠ Autı	ımn		
Exam dates			27 January 2025		2 September 2025			
Lxam dates			10 February 2025		12 September 2025			
Course	Sociologists used	to conceptualise society as a limited 'container' within which						
description		elations and a specific national culture developed. Definition of space						
	as a separate entity, independent of social actors, led towards the concep							
		ted containers and produced a widely accepted framework for ysis of social relations. Due to the processes of transnationalisation,						
		of the relations between social, cultural and spatial, between the						
	social space and geographical space is sought.							
	New approaches	to the research of	social space focus on	space	as a set of rela	tions		
	between positions of socially significant elements. These positions structure human activities and at the same time, they are structured by human practices. Within new							
	theoretical perspectives, social relations are not limited within space conceived as a							
		astitute social space. Without elements such as social practices and						
		e no socially and sociologically relevant spaces. Further on, culture						
		ngly detached from standardised cultural frames of national						
		ural pluralism and transnational syncretism develop together with ional social spaces.						
	the new transmat.	ionai sociai spaces	••					
			sequently deal with widely spread types of transnational social					
		ransnational families, transnational entrepreneurial networks,						
	transnational movements, transnational communities, with special reference on							



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	cultural changes which enable refocusing of actors from local and national to plurilocal and transnational frameworks, as well as constructing new forms of decentred group identities.
Course	1. Introductory Lecture Geographical and Social Space – Variation in thinking about
content	space 2. Social Space – From 'Container' Space towards Social Space 3. Social Space – Terminology and Concepts 4. Methodological Nationalism and Territory in the Social Sciences 5. Transnational Processes and New Configurations of Social Spaces 6. Transnational Social Space and 'Transnationalism' 7. Society as Transnational Social Fields; Transnational Social Spaces and Migration 8. Transnational Social Space, Businessmen and the Capitalist Class 9. Transnational Space and Media 10. Transnational Households and Families 11. Political 'Transnationalism' and Transnational Citizenship 12. Transnational Social Movements 13. Geography of Transnational Social Spaces 14. Researching Transnational Spaces
Required reading	Acedera, K. A. and Yeoh, B. S.A. (2019) 'Making time': Long-distance marriages and the temporalities of the transnational family. Current Sociology Monograph 67(2):250-272.
	Amelina, A. and Faist, T. (2012) 'De-naturalizing the national in research methodologies: key concepts of transnational studies in migration. Ethnic and Racial Studies 35(10):1725-1740.
	Bauböck, R. (2003) 'Towards a Political Theory of Migrant Transnationalism', International Migration Review 37(3):700-723.
	Božić, S. and Kuti, S (2019) 'Social Space and Transnational Social Space: How to Explore a Missing Link?'. Sociologija i prostor 57(1):5-22.
	Burris, V and Staples, C. L. (2012). In search of a transnational capitalist class: Alternative methods for comparing director interlocks within and between nations and regions. International Journal of Comparative Sociology 53(4):323-342.
	Carling, J. (2003) 'Cartographies of Cape Verdean Transnationalism'. Global Networks 3(4):335-341.
	Faist, T. (2000) 'Transnationalization in International Migration: Implication for the Study of Citizenship and Culture'. Ethnic and Racial Studies 23(2):189-222.
	Faist, T. (2010) 'Towards Transnational Studies: World Theories, Transnationalisation and Changing Institutions'. Journal of Ethnic and Migration Studies 36(10):1665-1687.
	Gilson, J. (2011) 'Transnational Advocacy: New Spaces, New Voices', Alternatives: Global, Local, Political 36(4):288-306.
	Georgiou, M. (2012) 'Seeking Ontological Security beyond the Nation: The Role of Transnational Television'. Television and New Media 14(4): 304-321.
	Harvey, D. (2005). Spaces of neoliberalization: towards a theory of uneven geographical development. Wiesbaden, Stuttgart: Franz Steiner Verlag, pp. 93-115.
	Levitt P. and Glick Schiller N. (2004) 'Conceptualizing Simultaneity: A Transnational Social Field Perspective on Society'. International Migration Review 38(3):1002-1039.



	Ley, D. (2004) 'Transnational Spaces and Everyday Lives', Transactions of the Institute of British Geographers 29(2):151-164.						
Maiba, H. (2005) 'Grassroots Transnational Social Movement Activism People's Global Action'. Sociological Focus 38(1):41-63.	Maiba, H. (2005) 'Grassroots Transnational Social Movement Activism: The Case of People's Global Action'. Sociological Focus 38(1):41-63.						
Pries, L. (2005) Configuration of geographic and societal spaces: a socion proposal between 'methodological nationalism' and the 'spaces of flow Networks 5(2):167-190.							
	Richter, M. (2012) Researching Transnational Social Spaces: A Qualitative Study of the Spanish Second Generation in Switzerland. Forum: Qualitative Social Research 13(3) Art. 8.						
Roudometof, V. (2005) 'Transnationalism, Cosmopolitanism and Gloca Current Sociology 53(1):113-135.	Roudometof, V. (2005) 'Transnationalism, Cosmopolitanism and Glocalization', Current Sociology 53(1):113-135.						
	Sandoval, G. F. (2013) 'Shadow Transnationalism: Cross-Border Networks and Planning Challenges of Transnational Unauthorized Immigrant Communities'. Journal of Planning Education and Research 33(2):176-193.						
	Scheibelhofer, E. (2011) Raumsensible Migrationsforschung: Methodische Überlegungen und ihre empirische Relevanz für die Migrationssoziologie. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften, pp. 27-82.						
Sheller, M. (2019). 'Afterword: Time is of the essence'. Current Sociolog 67(2):334-344.	Sheller, M. (2019). 'Afterword: Time is of the essence'. Current Sociology Monograph 67(2):334-344.						
	Voigt-Graf, C. (2004) 'Towards a Geography of Transnational Spaces: Indian Transnational Communities in Australia', Global Networks 4(1):25-49.						
Waldinger, R. (2013) 'Immigrant Transnationalism'. Current Sociology 6):756-777.	Waldinger, R. (2013) 'Immigrant Transnationalism'. Current Sociology Review 61(5-6):756-777.						
	Wimmer A. and Glick Schiller, N. (2003) 'Methodological Nationalism, the Social Sciences and the Study of Migration: An Essay in Historical Epistemology'. International Migration Review 37(3):576-610.						
,	Additional literature will be given to all students after the subject of their research is						
reading determined following the introductory lecture and the first seminar. Internet	determined following the introductory lecture and the first seminar.						
sources							
Assessment criteria of Final exam only Final exam only Final exam only Final oral exam and oral exam		Practical ork and final exam					
learning outcomes Only test/homework and final exam	rk	□ other forms					
final grade their research during the semester. The following elements are evaluate consistency of the thesis, content and data; originality of interpretable their research during the semester. The following elements are evaluated to the consistency of the thesis, content and data; originality of interpretable the consistency of the thesis, content and data; originality of interpretable the consistency of the thesis, content and data; originality of interpretable the consistency of the thesis, content and data; originality of interpretable the consistency of the consistency of the thesis, content and data; originality of interpretable the consistency of the consistency	Students are obliged to prepare an essay in the form of a scientific article based on their research during the semester. The following elements are evaluated: consistency of the thesis, content and data; originality of interpretations of the researched phenomenon, integration of contemporary theory into the main arguments of the essay.						



	Essay must meet the following formal criteria: min. 10 pages of text, and separately: the cover page, list of references, attachments, images, etc., font 12, Times New Roman, 1.5 line spacing
Course	⊠ Student evaluations conducted by the University
evaluation	☐ Student evaluations conducted by the Department
procedures	☑ Internal evaluation of teaching
	□ Department meetings discussing quality of teaching and results of student evaluations
	□ Other
Note /Other	In accordance with Art. 6 of the <i>Code of Ethics</i> of the Committee for Ethics in Science and Higher Education, "the student is expected to fulfil his/her obligations honestly and ethically, to pursue academic excellence, to be civilized, respectful and free from prejudice."
	According to Art. 14 of the University of Zadar's <i>Code of Ethics</i> , students are expected to "fulfil their responsibilities responsibly and conscientiously. [] Students are obligated to safeguard the reputation and dignity of all members of the university community and the University of Zadar as a whole, to promote moral and academic values and principles. []
	Any act constituting a violation of academic honesty is ethically prohibited. This includes, but is not limited to:
	- various forms of fraud such as the use or possession of books, notes, data, electronic gadgets or other aids during examinations, except when permitted;
	-various forms of forgery such as the use or possession of unauthorised materials during the exam; impersonation and attendance at exams on behalf of other students; fraudulent study documents; forgery of signatures and grades; falsifying exam results."
	All forms of unethical behaviour will result in a negative grade in the course without the possibility of compensation or repair. In case of serious violations the Rulebook on Disciplinary Responsibility of Students at the University of Zadar will be applied.
	In electronic communications only messages coming from known addresses with a first and a last name, and which are written in the Croatian standard and appropriate academic style, will be responded to.